

SALARY REDUCTION NOTICE REQUIREMENTS		
State	Advance Warning Requirements	Additional Material Requirements Beyond Time and Notice in Writing
California	Non-exempt employees: Other than employees covered by a CBA, notice is required to be signed by the employee at the time of hire and upon any change, providing the employee with various information and the applicable rates of pay. If a change in the rate of pay is reflected on the next payroll period wage statement, then no additional notice or form needs to be provided or signed by the employee.	Issue a new wage theft notice using either applicable model form or an employer-created form containing the required information. Sample notices available here: https://www.dir.ca.gov/dlse/lc_2810.5_notice.pdf df
	Exempt Employees: Changes in salary need to be communicated prospectively.	
District of Columbia	Notice any time prior to the change becoming effective.	New wage theft notice should be issued reflecting updated rate of pay and overtime rate of pay for all employees. Issue a new wage theft notice using applicable model form. Notices available here: https://does.dc.gov/page/wage-theft-prevention-amendment-act-2014
Illinois	Notice at any time prior to the change	All changes must be presented to an employee
	becoming effective. 820 ILCS 115/10.	in writing at the time of the change.
Maine	Notice 1 working day prior to change becoming effective.	None.
Maryland	Notice 1 pay period prior to change becoming effective.	None.
Minnesota	Minnesota Wage Theft Law requires advanced notices of changes to pay. Employee signature to acknowledge receipt of written notice.	Issue a new wage theft notice using either applicable model form or an employer-created form containing the required information. Sample notices available here: https://www.dli.mn.gov/sites/default/files/doc/employee_notice_form.docx
Missouri	Written notice 30 days prior to change becoming effective. This notice requirement does not apply if an employee is asked to work fewer hours or changes to a different position with different duties. (Note: Penalty is \$50 per employee). MRS § 290.100.	None.
Nevada	Written notice 7 days prior to change becoming effective or compliance with the requirements relating to the decrease that are imposed on the employer pursuant to the provisions of any collective bargaining agreement or any contract between the employer and the employee. NRS 608.100.	None.



New York	Written notice 7 days prior to change becoming effective. Must be acknowledged in writing by employee. N.Y. Labor Law § 195.	Issue a new wage theft notice using either applicable model NYS form or an employer-created form containing the required information. Sample notices available here: https://labor.ny.gov/formsdocs/wp/ellsformsand-publications.shtm
North Carolina	Written notice <u>24 hours</u> prior to change becoming effective. N.C.G.S. § 95-25.13(3).	None.
South Carolina	Written notice <u>7 days</u> prior to change becoming effective. S. Carolina Code 41-10-30.	Issue a new wage theft notice using either applicable model form or an employer-created form containing the required information. Sample notices available here: http://www.charleston.va.gov/documents/resear-ch/cri/cri-toeformandlaw.pdf
West Virginia	Written notice 1 pay period prior to change becoming effective. W. Va. § 42 CSR 5-4.3	None.